

Detachment 12 Space and Missile Systems Center





Mission Briefing For Lt Gen Brian A. Arnold SMC/CC

Col James A. "Mouse" Neumeister

29 June 2001

Forging the Shape of Military Space for the 21st Century



OVERVIEW



- MISSION, VISION, GOALS, TEAM, TASKING, FUNDING, RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS, FUTURE MISSIONS
- ROCKET SYSTEMS LAUNCH PROGRAM (RSLP)
- DoD SPACE TEST PROGRAM (STP)
- R&D SPACE & MISSILE OPERATIONS PROGRAM (RDSMO)
- WRAP-UP



DET 12 MISSION



Detachment 12, Space and Missile Systems Center, serves as the primary provider of launch capability and spaceflight for the entire DoD space research, development, test, and evaluation community



DET 12 MISSION ESSENTIAL TASKS



Mega-SPO in terms of breadth and depth of mission and programs

- Executes over 30 missile missions in various stages of mission design, acquisition, and launch at any one time cradle to grave
- Executes over 30 spacecraft missions in various stages of mission design, acquisition, launch, and on-orbit operations at any one time—cradle to grave
- Performs as Multi-Mission SOC supporting Det 12 and other spacecraft missions



DET 12 VISION



Smart, dedicated, energetic team of aerospace and support professionals providing recognized world-class leadership in the design, acquisition, launch, and operation of one-of-a-kind space and missile missions for DoD.



DET 12 GOALS



- Keep our current work energized
 - Proactively manage missions throughout entire Det 12 period of responsibility
 - Strong teaming relationship with the rest of the DoD RDT&E community
 - Attack our higher-risk space and missile missions with a risk-reducing, success-oriented mentality
 - Drive lessons learned into current and future missions
 - Continue to tie Det 12 missions to warfighter requirements and educate operational users on Det 12 contributions
 - Continue to document and refine Det 12 processes
 - Conduct a continuous, proactive public affairs campaign to document and educate Air Force, DoD, and the public on Det 12 efforts, successes, and contributions
 - Continue to develop Det 12 Intranet and Internet resources as valuable reference libraries to improve internal and external customer knowledge and interaction
 - Be a proactive presence in the space and missile community
 - AIAA Small Satellite 2001 Conference
 - AIAA Space 2001 Conference

DET 12 GOALS (CONT'D)



Take care of our people

- Provide challenging, interesting work and a positive work environment
- Provide the ADPE tools to maximize productivity
- Provide training to better prepare our people for the job today and the jobs they'll face tomorrow
- Fill vacant personnel billets to improve program execution and level workload
- Prepare the best-written OPRs, EPRs, PRFs, and awards and decorations in SMC
- Provide properly-timed and properly-focused follow-on assignments
- Be a positive presence in the Team Kirtland and Albuquerque communities

Take care of each other both "on and off the field"



DET 12 TEAM



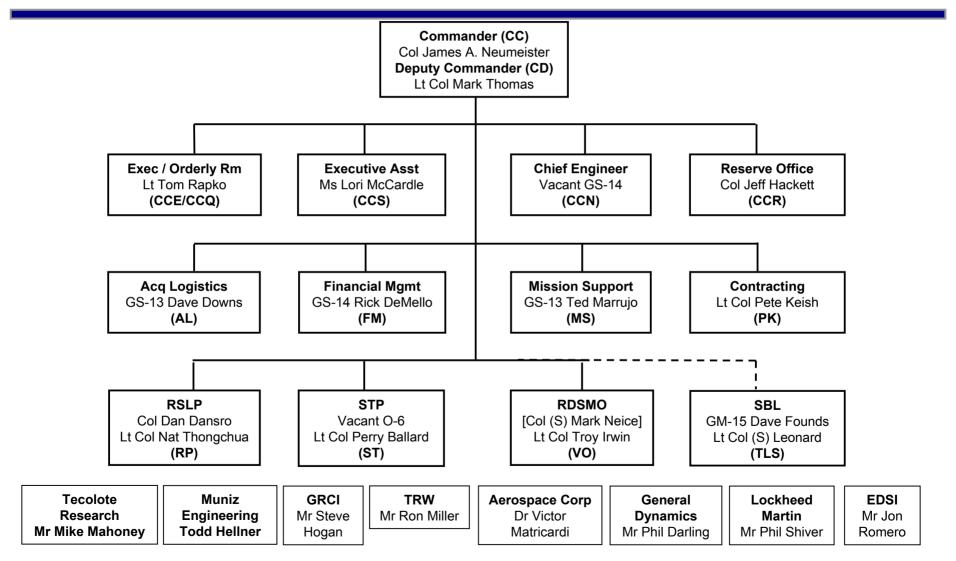
- 275-Person Government Organization (190 @ KAFB)
- \$145M FY01 Budget [\$58M is Customer Funding]
- 3 PMD Directed/Funded Missions Under SAF/AQS
 - —Rocket Systems Launch Program (RSLP)
 - Owns retired MM I/MM II rocket motors; provide for DoD user needs
 - —Space Test Program (STP)
 - Provides access to space for DoD experiments
 - —R&D Space and Missile Operations (RDSMO)
 - Manages two R&D satellite operations complexes and multiple deployable telemetry, tracking, and commanding (TT&C) terminals
 - Provides launch and on-orbit control of R&D space assets

Innovative multi-program SPO with T&E Capabilities



DET 12 TEAM







ROCKET SYSTEMS LAUNCH PROGRAM (RSLP)



- Engineering Logistics
 - Store deactivated Minuteman (MM) assets
 - Perform aging & surveillance of existing ICBM assets
 - Refurbish MM motors/boosters
- Orbital and Sub-orbital Program
 - Provide target vehicles for BMDO, NMD, TMD, etc.
 - Execute sounding rocket and ICBM tests
 - Provide space boost for R&D programs
- Provides START and ABM Treaty assistance
- Supports UN Security Council Resolutions on Iraq
- Accomplishment history:
 - 632 Launches
 - 26 Booster types
 - 22 Launch sites



"Over 20 Flight Tests per Year"



DOD SPACE TEST PROGRAM (STP)



- DOD Program, managed by USAF
- Spaceflight for DOD R&D experiments prioritized by the Space Experiments Review Board (SERB)
- Specific Services Provided:
 - Mission Planning and Execution
 - Payload integration and test
 - Launch
 - One year of on-orbit operation
- Flight of small payloads on Expendable Launch Vehicles, Shuttle, and International Space Station (ISS)
- Services for reimbursable programs

10 RDT&E Missions per Year



RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT SPACE AND MISSILE OPERATIONS (RDSMO)



- Prepare for and conduct on-orbit operations of USAF, DoD, and other R&D and post-operational satellites
 - STP, AFRL, NRL, DoE, et al
 - DSP, DSCS, et al
- Provide a space operations testbed for rapid prototyping, test and evaluation, and system activation
- Provide worldwide access to space assets where fixed sites do not exist
 - Factory and launch base compatibility testing
 - Booster and on-orbit satellite support

45 Spacecraft or Booster Supports in Planning, Readiness or Operation in 2001!



SPACE-BASED LASER PROGRAM (SBL)

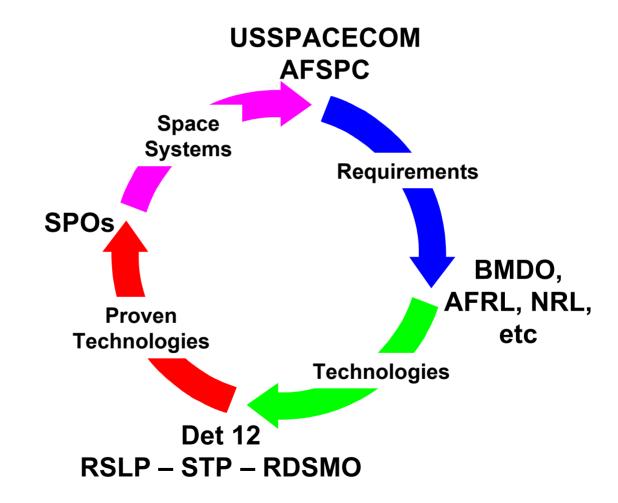


- Commander and Orderly Room support to SMC/TL personnel assigned to Kirtland AFB
- Additional support as determined and agreed to by SMC/TL and Det 12— MOA in work



SPACE CAPABILITIES "CIRCLE OF LIFE"







DET 12 LOCATIONS

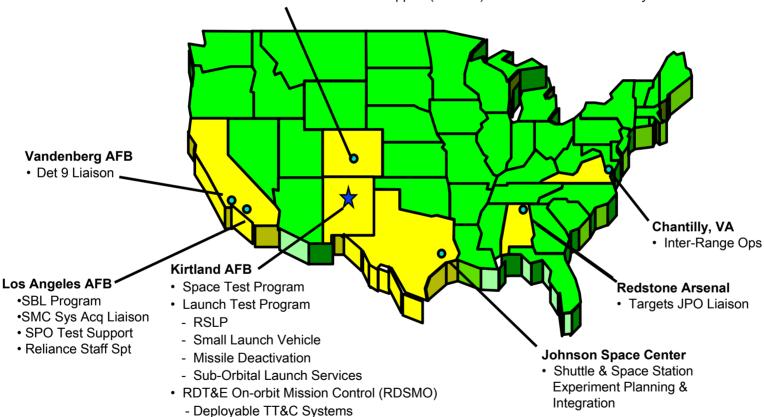


Schriever AFB

RDT&E Support Complex
Space-Based Laser (SBL) Program
Space Single Face To Customer (SFTC)

• T&E APDP Functional Manager

• Center for Research Support (CERES) at the National Test Facility





- Deployable Supports
 - Quick Reaction Launch Vehicle (Minuteman)- Kodiak, AK--21 Mar 01
 - XSS-10 Factory Compat -- 26-30 Mar 01
 - Mars-Odyssey -- Crete and Oman (Delta II) -- 7 April 01
 - GeoLite -- Ghana and South Africa (Delta II) -- 17 May 01
 - King Set-up -- Falkland Islands -- 2 9 Jun 01
 - Bermuda Site Survey -- 3 8 Jun 01
 - Johnston Atoll Site Survey -- 21 29 Jun 01
 - Argentia Site Check-out -- 22 25 Jun 01
- Quick Reaction Demonstrator (Feb 01)
- Quick Reaction Launch Vehicle, M56, Kodiak AK—22 Mar 01
- Secured MACE II extended ops on ISS
- GPS LADO Demonstration (May 01)
- Motor Test, Static Fire (M55 April 01, M57 May 01)
- CloudSat Peer Review (Jun 01)
- Preship review for SAPPHIRE & PICOSat (KodiakStar Mission)



FUTURE MISSIONS



- Deployable Missions
 - Genesis (Delta II -- 30 July 01) -- Australia
 - B-31 (Titan/DSP -- 21 July 01) -- Bermuda
 - MAP (Delta II -- 14 Aug 01) -- Johnston Atoll
 - A/C 160 (Atlas/Centaur -- 25 Aug 01) -- Falklands
 - B-34 (Titan 4) --- San Diego
 - Coriolis Factory Compat --Sep 01
 - MISSE On STS 105 1st External ISS Experiment (6 Aug 01)
 - MACE II returns on STS 105
- CANE (Apr 01 Sep 01)
- HERA (Jul 01, Nov 01)
- IFT 6/7 (14 Jul 01/7 Nov 01)
- Motor Test, Static Fire, (SR-19 Jul 01)
- Kodiak Star (31 Aug 01)
- DTB Demonstration (Sep 01)
- ASAS (Sep 01)
- PicoSat Deployment (Sep 01)
- Navy Theater Wide (TTV 3 NET Sep 01, TTV 4 Jan 02)
- Excalibur (LFRBMT) Test (Oct 01)
- CCS-C Fly-Off (Nov 01)
- XSS-10 (Nov 01)



DET 12 COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION



- Staffed food booth at KAFB 4th of July celebration 2000
- Staffed food and career day booths at KAFB Air Show 2000
- Led KAFB in number of participants (84) and amount donated (\$3,657) in American Cancer Society's Making Strides Against Breast Cancer (MSABC) walk 2001
- Participated in Albuquerque Big Brothers-Big Sisters Volunteers Into Direct Action (VIDA) in-school mentoring program 2000-2001
- Netted 593 books, two basketballs, and two decks of cards via 'Books for Baked Goods" sale for Whittier Elementary School (considered "at risk" by VIDA) 2001
- Entered multiple five-person teams in annual Big Brothers-Big Sisters "Bowl for Kid's Sake" (2000, 2001)
- Provide strong, recurring participation in SMC-AFRL Red Cross blood drives



OVERVIEW



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- ROCKET SYSTEMS LAUNCH PROGRAM (RSLP)
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ROCKET SYSTEMS LAUNCH PROGRAM (RSLP)





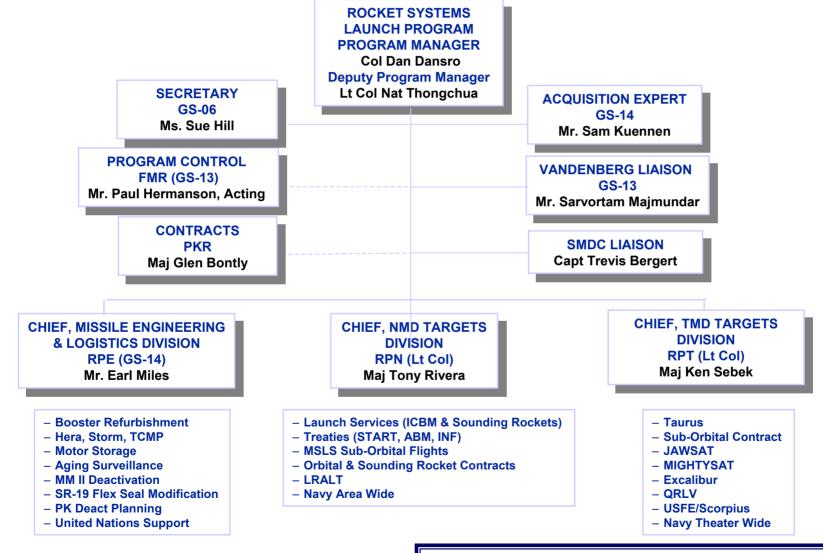
COLONEL DAN DANSRO PROGRAM MANAGER 29 JUNE 2001

DSN 246-8957



DET 12/RP ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





Forging the Shape of Military Space for the 21st Century



DET 12/RP



- Rocket Systems Launch Program (RSLP)
 - Supports RDT&E ballistic missile launches: BMDO (THAAD, PAC-3, NTW, NAW, NMD), AFRL (BMT), AFSPC, ...
- Engineering Logistics
 - Store deactivated Minuteman (MM) assets
 - Perform aging & surveillance of existing ICBM assets
 - Refurbish MM motors/boosters
 - Peacekeeper deactivation and reuse
- Sounding Rocket Program, Orbital and Sub-orbital Program
 - TMD and ICBM class target vehicles
 - Minotaur space launch vehicle
- Provides START and ABM Treaty assistance

"Over 20 Flight Tests per Year"



ROCKET SYSTEMS LAUNCH PROGRAM



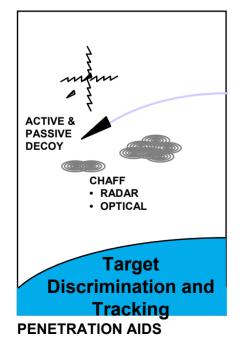
- Established in 1962
- Charter
 - '...A Single Agency Providing Launch Vehicle Support for Three Services on a Cost Reimbursable Basis...' SECDEF – 1972
- USAF Policy (Rocket Systems Launch Program PMD)
 - RSLP will maintain active control and management of all Air Force deactivated ICBM missile assets
 - RSLP will provide flight test mission integration and support for national R&D requirements; AF R&D, BMDO, Army, Navy, NASA.
- National Transportation Space Policy
 - '...consider use of excess ballistic missiles for space launch on a case-by-case basis, requires Secretary of Defense approval.'

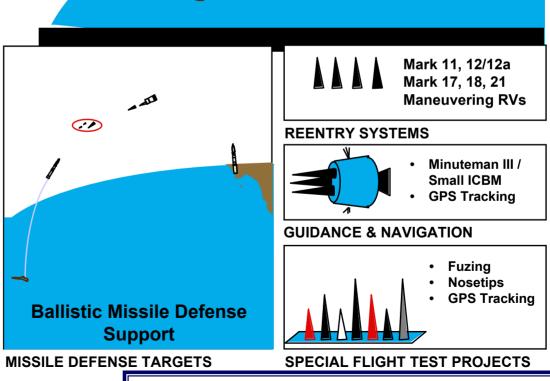


ROCKET SYSTEMS LAUNCH PROGRAM LEGACY (1962 - 2001)



- 632 LAUNCHES
- 26 BOOSTER TYPES
- 22 LAUNCH SITES





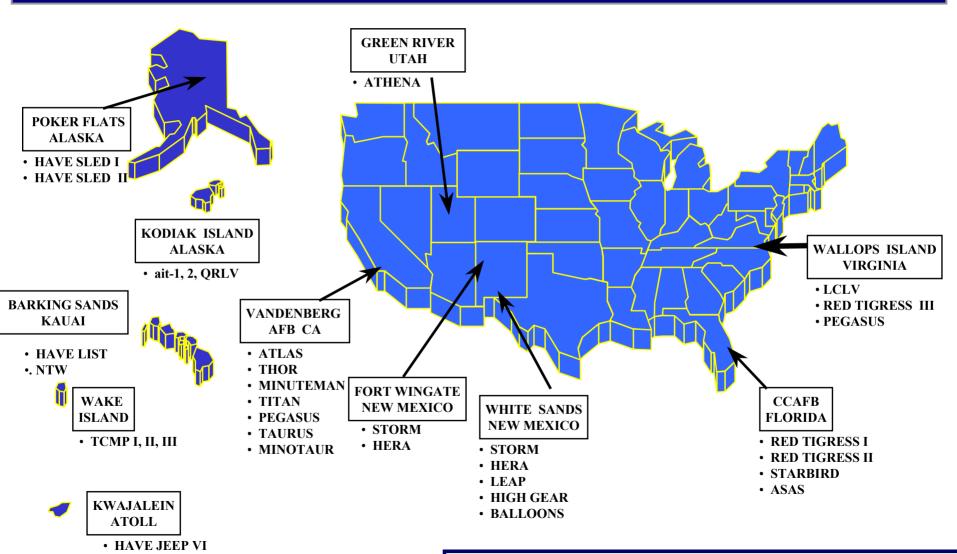


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LAUNCH SITES





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CONTRACTORS & KEY SUPPLIERS



Launch Vehicle Contracts

Orbital/Suborbital Program(OSC)

- Space Launch Vehicle
- NMD Target Launch Vehicle

Sounding Rocket Program (OSC, Coleman, Space Vector, LMA)

Long Range Air Launch Target (Coleman)

Multi-Service Launch Sys (LMA)

RANGES

Vandenberg AFB, Kwajalein, Wake Is., White Sands, etc.

Commercial Spaceports

Alaska Aerospace Development Corp. (Kodiak)
Spaceport Florida Authority (Cape Canaveral)
Old Dominion (Wallops VA)
Spaceport Systems International (Vandenberg AFB)

Missile Storage

Camp Navajo, AZ
Freeport (GSA Facility)
Hawthorne, etc.
Boeing: Inventory

Aging Surveillance

Thiokol (MMII, Stg 1)
Aerojet (MMII, Stg 2)
Alliant (MMII, Stg 3)
TRW (Tech Spt)

Booster Refurb

Ogden ALC TRW

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MISSILE ENGINEERING & LOGISTICS

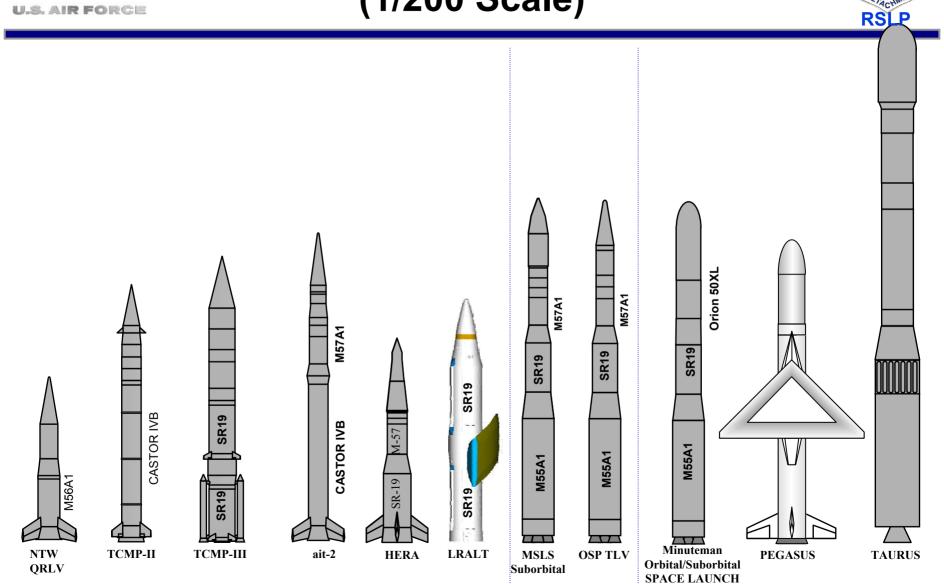


- Motor storage: Temperature/Humidity controlled environment
- Aging Surveillance (A&S)
 - Identify age related changes to Minuteman I/II assets
 - Static fires, propellant testing, etc.
 - Update service life model to predict motor reliability
- Motor refurbishment: X-ray, refurb nozzle, replace seals, etc.





Launch Vehicle Configurations (1/200 Scale)



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SOUNDING ROCKET CAPABILITIES (TMD CLASS TARGETS)



Range: 100-1,000 km

Apogee: 100-600 km

Payload Weight: 100-1,000 kg

Reentry Velocity: 1.5-3.0 km/sec

Up to 10 Minutes of micro-G

Guided or Unguided Flights

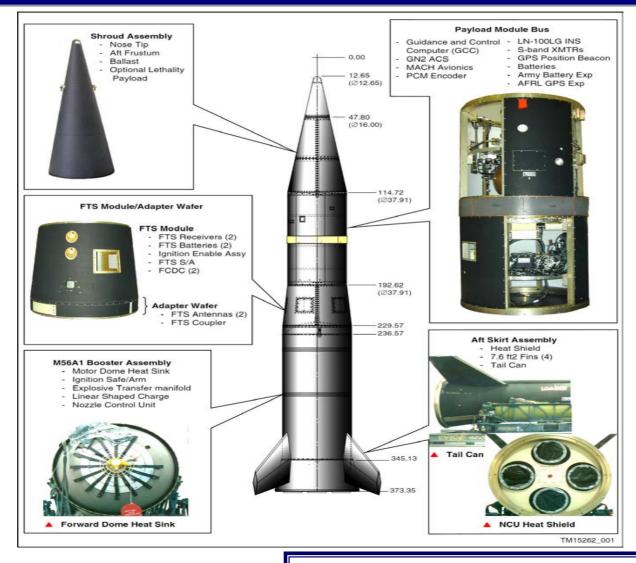
LRALT: 1,000-3,500 Km range





TMD TYPE TARGET VEHICLE

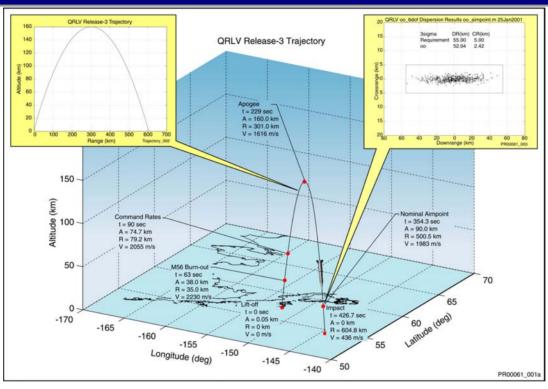






QRLV-1 SUCCESS, 22 MAR 01





- Major objectives met 100%
 - Provided TMD target in support of Alaskan Command Northern Edge Exercise
 - Provided threat target for Navy Theater Wide AEGIS system
- Minor objectives
 - GPS experiments (BMRST, Differential GPS, SIGI, GITU)
 - Army Flight Experiment



BALLISTIC MISSILES (NMD CLASS TARGET)



ICBM Capabilities:

• Range: 7,500 km

• Apogee: 600-2000 km

Payload Weight: 100-400 kg

Reentry Velocity: 7 km/sec

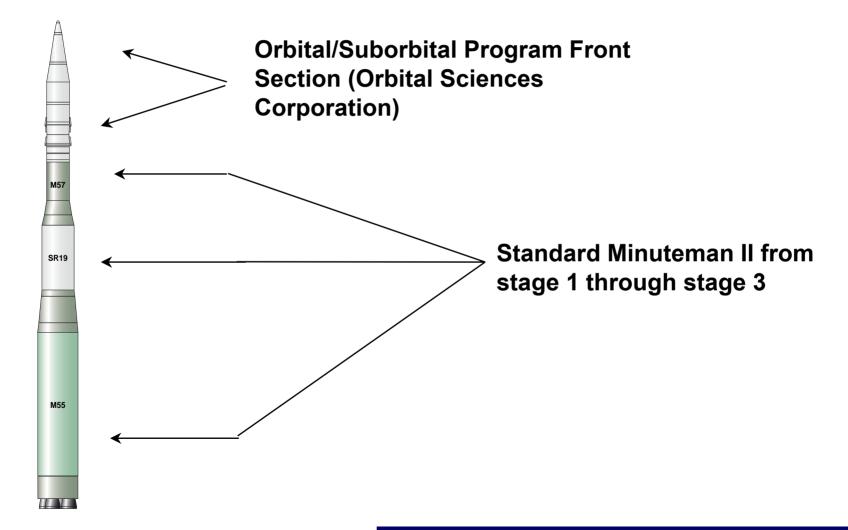
Up to 20 Minutes of micro-G





NMD TARGET LAUNCH VEHICLE







OSP TARGET LAUNCH VEHICLE



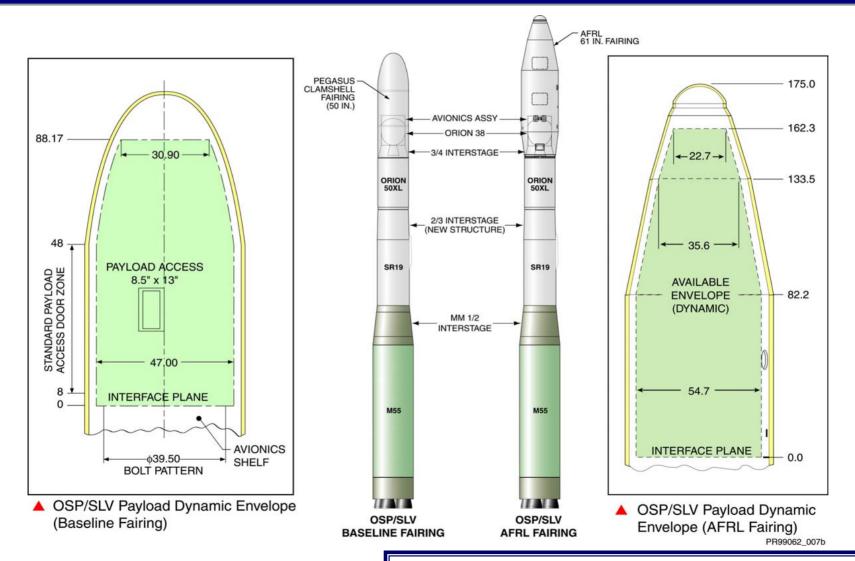
- Successful demonstration launch, 28 May 00
- Representative NMD target suite to required point in space





SPACE LAUNCH VEHICLE (MINOTAUR)







SUCCESSFUL MINOTAUR LAUNCHES OSP-1, JAWSAT



First Launch (JAWSAT) On 26 January 00 Highly Successful

5 Satellites Delivered into Orbit



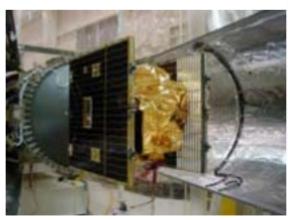


SUCCESSFUL MINOTAUR LAUNCHES OSP-2, MIGHTYSAT



Second launch on 19 July 2000 Highly Successful

Delivered MightySat II, 1 satellite into Orbit







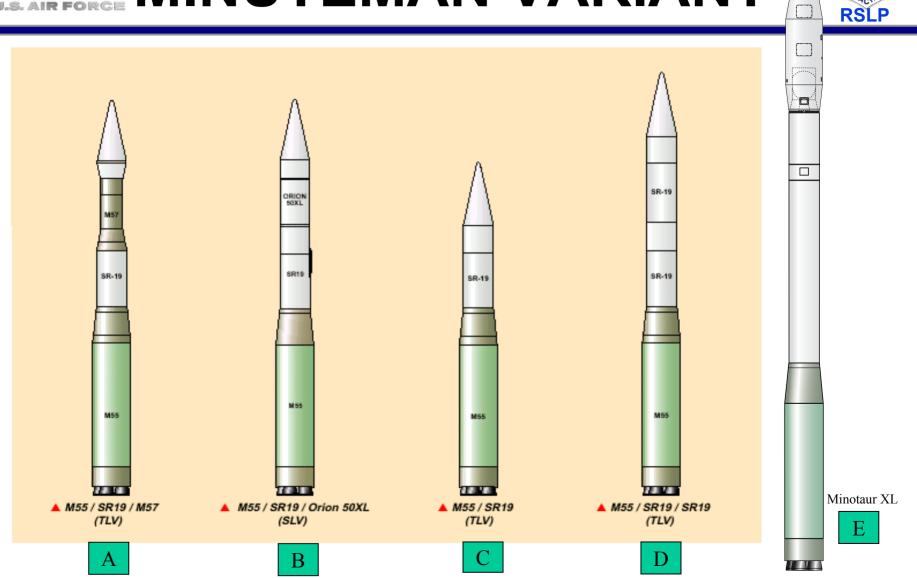
THE FUTURE



- Minuteman derivatives
 - Larger (size, weight) payload
- Peacekeeper
 - Deactivation and re-use
 - Target launch vehicle and space launch vehicle



MINUTEMAN VARIANT





PEACEKEEPER VEHICLE CONCEPT



Avionics

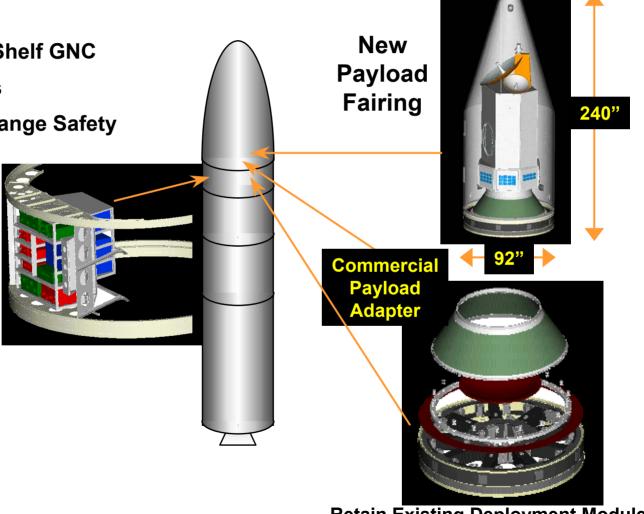
New Off-the-Shelf GNC

New batteries

Repackage Range Safety

Systems





Retain Existing Deployment Module



INITIATIVES



- Minuteman Policy Memo
 - Consistent with AF PMD, 22 Mar 00
 - RSLP solely manages Minuteman based launch vehicle
 - Applies to Peacekeeper as well
- Serve as BMDO's "Launch Vehicle Center of Excellence"
 - Manage all target launch vehicle development and launch services



WHAT RSLP DOES FOR AF SPACE COMMAND



- ILRP
- PK deactivation/reuse
- Support past efforts (CBM)
- Mk 11 storage
- Aging Surveillance share of data
- CAV support
- Minuteman IV
- Guidance/RV Aps R&D launches



ROCKET SYSTEMS LAUNCH PROGRAM







OVERVIEW



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DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SPACE TEST PROGRAM (STP)





LT COL PERRY G. BALLARD ACTING PROGRAM DIRECTOR 29 JUNE 2001



STP MISSION



- Provide spaceflight and on-orbit operations for research and development programs approved by DoD Space Experiments Review Board (SERB)
- Conduct space test missions supporting the maximum number of DoD SERB-ranked payloads possible in a timely manner, consistent with SERB ranking, funding constraints, launch opportunity
- Provide necessary management, training, expertise, logistics to support these missions--cradle to grave
- Fund and/or provide: Mission design studies, Spacecraft, Payload integration and test, Launch, On-orbit operations
- Employ Space Shuttle, International Space Station (ISS), and expendable launch vehicles (ELVs)
- Provide services for non-SERB programs on a reimbursable basis
- Serve as the DoD Single Access to Space Shuttle and ISS (both SERB and non-SERB payloads)

STP is a DOD program; USAF is the executive agent for this program



KODIAK STAR





Mission

Joint NASA-STP mission to launch NASA's Starshine-3, STP's PICOSat, STP's PCSat, and STP's Sapphire using a NASA Athena I LV.

Military Relevance

<u>PICOSat</u>: A 67 kg microsatellite built by Surrey Satellite Technology Limited (SSTL) with Foreign Comparative Test Program funds. PICOSat carries four SERB experiments that

validate new battery technology, improve sensor performance, improve navigation accuracy, and demonstrates remote sensing techniques.

<u>PCSAT (Prototype Mobile Communications Satellite)</u>: Built and operated by USNA to educate USNA engineering students and track USNA ships.

<u>Sapphire</u>: A joint USNA/University of Washington St Louis experiment to give USNA midshipmen experience in the command, control, and operations of a satellite.

Launch

Kodiak Star will use a NASA Athena I to place the spacecraft into 67 degree 800 km circular orbit. The current launch date is 31 Aug 01 from Kodiak AK

Operations

- PICOSat will be operated by SSTL in UK and secondary ground site at USAFA
- PCSat & Sapphire will be operated by US Naval Academy



CORIOLIS





The Coriolis Mission Consists of Two Experiments:

<u>WindSat:</u> Sponsored by ONR, Built by NRL, Is a Passive Polarimetric Radiometer Which Will Measure Ocean Surface Wind Speed and Direction.

<u>Solar Mass Ejection Imager (SMEI):</u> Sponsored by AFRL, Will Image Coronal Mass Ejections to Predict Geomagnetic Disturbances and their effects on Comm, Navigation (GPS Scintillation), Surveillance, and Spacecraft Charging.

Military Relevance

<u>WindSat</u>: Improved Battlespace Awareness (#1 unfilled remote sensing requirement of the Oceanographer of the Navy; key parameter of NPOESS IORD) <u>SMEI</u>: Supports Mission Area Deficiencies Under Space Control & Satellite Control MAPs

Launch

Titan II, ILC 15 Mar 02 (launch in Aug 02), SLC-4W, Vandenberg AFB

Operations

First Year: SMC/TEO out of the Research, Development, Test & Evaluation Support Complex (RSC) at Kirtland AFB

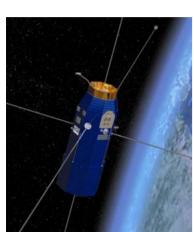
Years 2-3: SMC/TEO out of RSC or NRL out of their Blossom Point Tracking Facility



COMMUNICATION/NAVIGATION OUTAGE FORECASTING SYSTEM (C/NOFS)



Mission



C/NOFS will demonstrate the ability to predict the occurrence and strength of ionospheric disturbances which cause scintillations. Scintillation disrupt space-based communication, navigation, and surveillance systems. The payload consists of seven instruments. AFRL/VS is the mission Principal Investigator and payload development manager. The instruments and Co-Investigators are:

C/NOFS Occultation Receiver for Ionospheric Sensing & Specification (CORISS)-The Aerospace Corporation

Digital Ion Drift Meter (DIDM) - AFRL/VSB

Planar Langmuir Probe (PLP) - AFRL/VSB

Vector Electric Field Instrument (VEFI) - NASA/GSFC

Ion Velocity Meter (IVM) - University of Texas at Dallas

Neutral Wind Meter (NWM) - University of Texas at Dallas

Coherent Electromagnetic Radio Tomography (CERTO)-Naval Research Lab

Launch

Pegasus XL, ILC 31 Oct 03, from Alcantara Launch Center, Alcantara, Brazil.

Operations

SMC/TEO out of the Research, Development, T&E Support Complex (RSC), KAFB.



C/NOFS MILITARY RELEVANCE



- C/NOFS will demonstrate the ability to predict the occurrence and strength of a phenomenon known as "equatorial spread F" - ionospheric disturbances in the equatorial region which cause scintillations
 - Scintillations are random fluctuations in signal phase and amplitude that develop when radio waves pass through electron density irregularities
 - Scintillation degrades the performance of communication, navigation, and surveillance systems with radio wave links to space
- With scintillation forecasts, the warfighter can modify mission plans and prevent potential mission failures by optimizing and tailoring communications routes, paths, and/or priorities and effectively use satellite communication, navigation, and surveillance assets
- Military Relevance Indicators
 - Ranked #1 on the '97, '98, and '99 SERB lists
 - #1 USAF Advanced Concept Technology Demonstration (ACTD) program in 2000
 - National Security Space Architect's Space Weather Architecture Study (1999) identifies ionospheric scintillation and forecast (including equatorial scintillation) as a National Security priority
 - Documented in AFSPC Space Force Enhancement MAP; Long and Short Term AFSPC S&T Priority; Supports 4 of top 5 near-term prioritized needs in AFSPC Strategic Master Plan
 - Development of Space Weather Sensors and Models Called for in CINCSPACE IPL

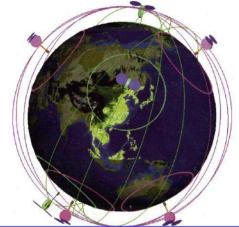


CONSTELLATION OBSERVING SYSTEM FOR METEOROLOGY, IONSOPHERE, AND CLIMATE (COSMIC)



MISSION:

COSMIC is a joint Taiwan / US partnership to launch a constellation of **six microsatellites** to 400km 72 deg



- Will collect atmospheric remote-sensing data for weather prediction, climate, ionospheric, and geodetic research.
- Three science payloads for terrestrial and space weather research and prediction, climate monitoring, and geodesy.
 - 1) GPS occultation receiver
 - 2) Tiny Ionospheric Photometer (TIP)
 - 3) Triband Beacon Transmitters (TBB).

RELEVANCE:

COSMIC (ONR-910) ranked 8th on the 1999 SERB List. Will extend current global weather forecasting accuracies 12-24 hours.

LAUNCH:

COSMIC presently plans to launch on an Minotaur Launch Vehicle in early 2005 at Vandenberg AFB.

OPERATIONS:

NSPO in Taiwan operate satellite constellation. Data will be processed by the COSMIC Data Analysis and Archive Center (CDAAC) in Boulder, Colorado and copied to the Taiwan Analysis Center for COSMIC (TACC).

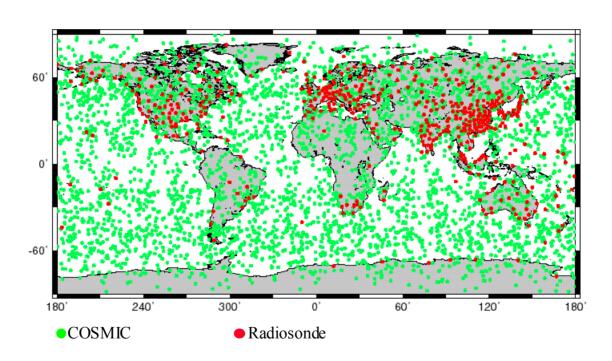


COSMIC





COSMIC vs. Radiosonde - 24 Global Coverage



SUMMARY: COSMIC is a joint Taiwan / US partnership to provide an unprecedented 3000 atmospheric soundings globally per day that will input directly into and thus increase the accuracy of atmospheric models. COSMIC consists of six space craft in three orbital planes.



EELV SECONDARY PAYLOAD ADAPTOR (ESPA)



<u>Mission</u>

The EELV Secondary Payload Adapter (ESPA) project is a joint program between AFRL and STP. ESPA is a national capability, designed to use excess lift capacity on Evolved Expendable Launch Vehicle (EELV)-

Medium and EELV-Intermediate boosters to provide low-cost launches for small satellites. ESPA can carry up to six small satellites weighing up to 400 pounds each, plus a primary payload weighing up to 15,000 pounds. After conducting a demonstration launch, AFRL and STP hope to "commercialize" ESPA - making it available to industry for use on future DoD, NASA, and commercial EELV missions for all interested users.

Military Relevance

The goal of ESPA is to reduce small satellite launch costs to less than \$2-\$3M per spacecraft, and provide a much-needed launch capability for the US small satellite community.

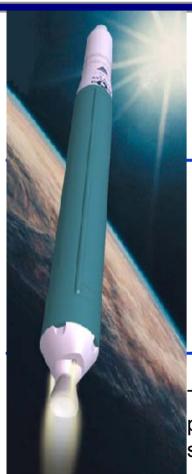
<u>Launch</u>

ESPA's first launch is currently planned to be on STP's Delta IV-M (MLV-05) in FY05. However, an additional flight ESPA can be manufactured should an earlier opportunity arise.



MEDIUM LAUNCH VEHICLE 2005





<u>Mission</u>

STP is provided a Medium Class Delta IV by AFSPC to be launched in the first quarter, FY05. Our goal is to fly as many SERB payloads as possible, utilizing the maximum margin available, within a reasonable amount of risk. Total Mission Cost Is \$386M--STP Investment is \$49M.

Manifest

- Primary Spacecraft is IOMI/GIFTS/IMAGE
- •EELV Secondary Payload Adapter with Spacecraft
 - TechSat-21 is allocated three slots
 - STPSat-1 is allocated one slot
 - NPSat1 is allocated one slot
 - One slot held in reserve

Launch

The current schedule for MLV 2005 is the 1st Quarter, FY05. The launch profile is 3100kgs to LEO from the Eastern Range. After deploying secondaries, the prime will be inserted into GTO.

Operations

TBD based on payload requirements. TechSat 21 will be operated through the RSC.

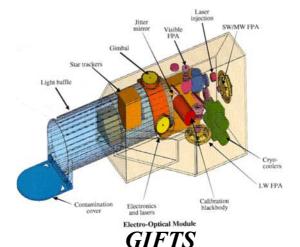


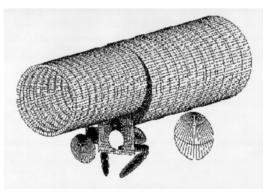
GIFTS/IOMI/IMAGE



- IOMI--Indian Ocean METOC Imager--Office of Naval Research
 - IOMI Sensor is GIFTS--Geosynchronous Imaging Fourier Transform Spectrometer (NASA EO-3 New Millennium Program)
 - IMAGE rideshare--lonospheric Mapping and Geocoronal Experiment--Naval Research Laboratory
 - Demonstrates weather nowcasting to fulfill USN requirements--realtime info to
 - Validates next generation of GOES spacecraft
 - IOMI is #1 on the 2000 SERB, IMAGE is #5







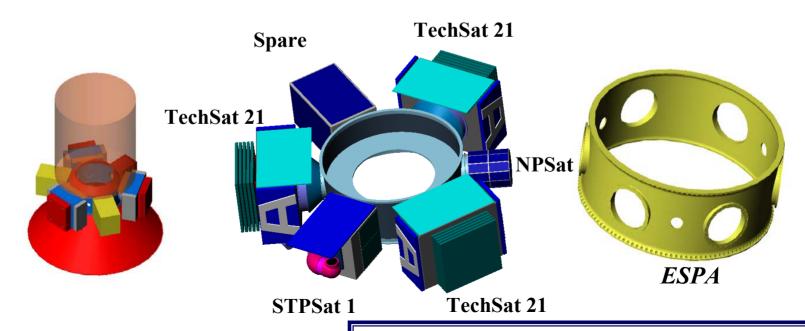
IMAGE



ESPA



- ESPA--EELV Secondary Payload Adapter--Space Test Program and Air Force Research Lab
 - Better utilizes EELV margins and provides standard access to space for small satellites
 - MLV-05 will be the first flight of ESPA

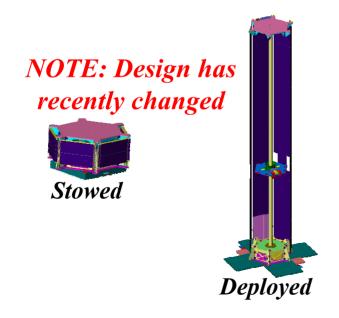


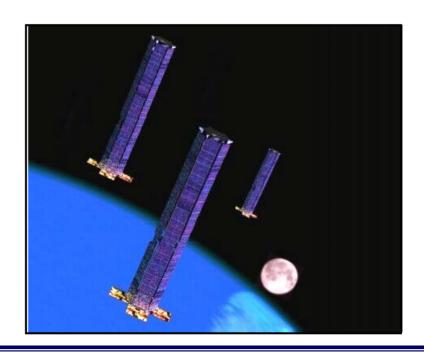


TECHSAT 21



- TechSat 21--Technology Satellite of the 21st Century--Air Force Research Lab
 - 3 spacecraft constellation demonstrating formation flying and SAR fusing
 - TechSat 21 is #3 on the 2000 SERB







STPSat



- STPSat--Micro- Satellite to be built by STP (Source Selection in process)
 - Would house several experiments (possibly 6)--core will be SHIMMER
 - SHIMMER--Spatial Heterodyne Imager for Mesospheric Radicals Link --Naval Research Lab
 - Ideal sensor for Chemical & Biological Agent Detection, Middle atmosphere weather assessment and forecast capability --small, rugged, light-weight, nomoving parts optics package
 - SHIMMER is #4 on the 2000 SERB

SHIMMER Experiment in Space Shuttle Configuration (risk reduction for STPSat-1)



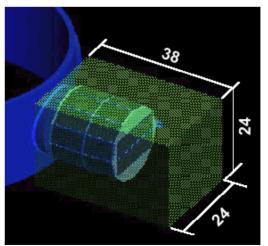


NPSat



- NPSat1--Naval Postgraduate School Spacecraft Architecture and Technology Demonstration--Naval Postgraduate School (NPS)
 - "Microsat" class spacecraft
 - Provides hands-on education for officer students at NPS
 - Demonstrate COTS technology in spacecraft architecture as a means of decreasing development time, and increasing reliability in software development
 - NPSat1 is #29 on the 2000 SERB







DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SPACE TEST PROGRAM (STP)



DoD Management of Secondary Space Payloads

Det 12/STO



BACKGROUND



- EELV Launch Margin--FY00 study identified up to 2000lbs available
- STP is trying to improve secondary payload access to space (ESPA)
- SAF/SX convened a meeting to identify a uniform approach for manifesting secondary space payloads--27 Jun 00

ACTION: Identify a DoD OPR to manage all secondary payloads

- EELV ORD includes requirement for support of secondaries
- PMD already allows this--no coordinated direction/resources

PURPOSE: Propose that the mission of STP be expanded to include all secondaries and launch margins for DoD



IMPLEMENTATION



- Space Experiment Review Board customer
 - Must have SERB validation to receive any STP support
 - Process is well documented and proven
- Reimbursable customer
 - Customer would fund dedicated Aerospace and SETA support
 - Treated as a any customer--differentiated after opportunities identified
- Process will work for DoD payloads on non-DoD launch vehicles, not just for payloads on DoD launchers
 - Recent agreement to launch 6 SERB payloads on a NASA procured Athena 1 is an example (Kodiak Star)
 - Strong relationship with STS/ISS



BENEFITS



- Leverages STP's existing expertise
- Establishes a single face to the secondary payload customers
 - Saves these customers from having to spend resources separately pursuing opportunities with multiple launch service providers
- Establishes a single face to the launch service providers
 - Saves these organizations from having to spend resources responding to multiple requests for their services
- Puts AF in position of "stepping up to the plate" once again to satisfy a space mission requirement for DoD



SECONDARY PAYLOADS SUMMARY



- No single manifesting entity exists except for SERB payloads
- Excess launch capability exists
- Non-SERB secondary customers exist
- For success STP must "manage" all DoD ELV margins
- SECDEF direction to services and agencies should be unambiguous
- Resources are the critical drivers--they must be in place

Opportunity to develop process prior to operational EELV is now



OVERVIEW



- MISSION, VISION, GOALS, TEAM, TASKING, FUNDING, RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS, FUTURE MISSIONS
- ROCKET SYSTEMS LAUNCH PROGRAM (RSLP)
- DOD SPACE TEST PROGRAM (STP)
- R&D SPACE & MISSILE OPERATIONS PROGRAM (RDSMO)
- WRAP-UP



RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT SPACE AND MISSILE OPERATIONS (RDSMO)





LT COLONEL TROY IRWIN ACTING PROGRAM MANAGER 29 JUNE 2001



RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT SPACE AND MISSILE OPERATIONS (RDSMO)



- Prepare for and conduct on-orbit operations of USAF, DoD, and other R&D and post-operational satellites
 - STP, AFRL, NRL, DOE, et al
 - DSP, DSCS, et al
- Provide a space operations testbed for rapid prototyping, test and evaluation, and system activation
- Provide worldwide access to space assets where fixed sites do not exist
 - Factory and launch base compatibility testing
 - Booster and on-orbit satellite support

45 Spacecraft or Booster Supports in Planning, Readiness or Operation in 2001!



DEPLOYABLES





Deployable TT&C Systems

- Transportable Vehicle Checkout Systems (TVCS)
- S-Band Transportable Ground Station (STGS)
 - S-band, 12' Antenna, Autotrack
- Transportable S-Band Terminals (TST)
 - S-band, 8' Antenna
- Transportable Space Test and Evaluation Resource TSTR)
 - Mobile ARTS Core and 23' Antenna





RDT&E SUPPORT COMPLEX (RSC) KIRTLAND AFB, NM



- VO's on-orbit RDT&E operations complex
- Uses COTS-based real time architecture (COBRA)
- Currently supporting ARGOS, TSX-5, MightySat II.1, and POAM III on prime system (AFSCN/S-Band)
- Currently supporting RADCAL and TEX on stand-alone PC system (UHF)





Center for Research Support (CERES) Schriever AFB, CO





- Space operations testbed
 - Rapid Prototyping
 - Test & Evaluation
 - Activation
- Leverages access to ground and space assets
 - Residual satellite operations
 - State of the art ground systems
 - AFSCN connectivity



DET 12/VO



Col (S) Mark Neice Program Manager Lt Col Troy Irwin Deputy Program Manager

Program Control FMV Mrs Alberta Campbell Contracting PKV
Mrs Dina Chavez-Mann

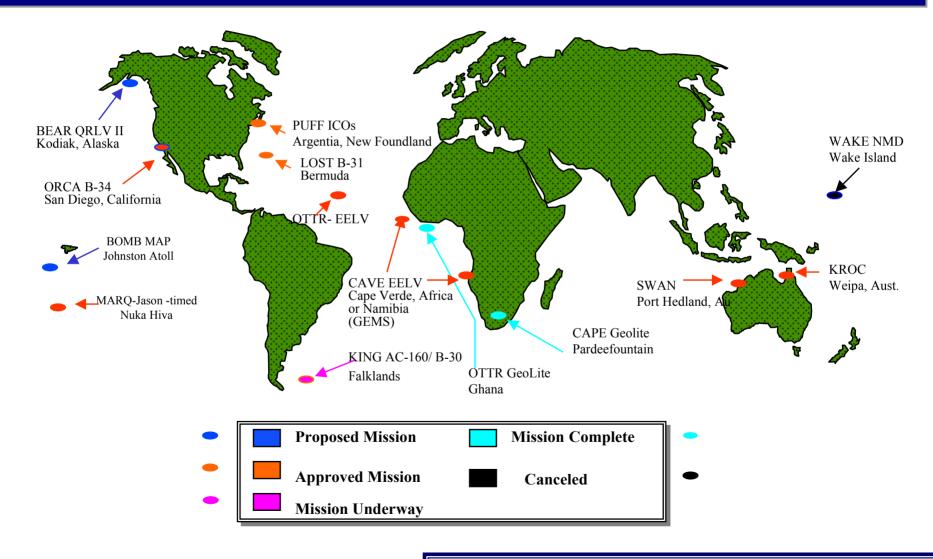
Center for Research Support VOC Maj Rob Hessin (I/B 9/01) Capt Mari Carpenter - Acting Ch Deployables VOD Mr Al Reagan

Engineering VOE Lt Col LeRoy Smith RDT&E Support Complex VOF
Maj John Santacroce

Test Execution VOT (eff 7/1/01) Lt Col Steve Davis (I/B 8/01) Maj Pat Tom - Acting Ch

DEPLOYABLES' OVERSEAS MISSIONS THRU JUL 02







XSS-10



- Issue XSS-10 is riskier than typical RSC mission
 - One chance mission, cost constrained, high visibility
 - Ops concept and requirements continually maturing
- Impact
 - Significant 01 cost growth to implement risk mitigation steps and accommodate requirements changes
- Action to date
 - Implemented comprehensive risk management program
 - Added training & rehearsals, better documentation, etc
 - Revised cost estimate submitted to AFRL; funding in work
- Way ahead AFRL and SMC/VO continue to track closely
 - Believe successful execution of current readiness plan will result in acceptable residual risk



TIPP PROJECTS



- Issue AFMC AOs are zeroing out RDSMO TIPP projects
 - beginning in 02
 - Rationale: Operational command doesn't do DT&E
- Impact Kills RSC and Deployables I&M program
- Action to date
 - Issue elevated to AFMC/DO (O-7) and AF/TER (SES) levels
 - Tracking P-Plan wording
- Way ahead
 - Continue tracking P-Plan development
 - Elevate to SMC/CC if necessary (don't need help yet)



DET 12/VOT



TEST EXECUTION

29 JUNE 2001



DET 12/VOT MISSION



- Evolving Mission:
 - Provide DT&E Support to Space Systems
 - Full Spectrum Support
 - Planning → Execution (as needed)
 - Advisors → Test Conductors → Test Directors (as needed)
 - Focus: New programs (X-37, SMC/AD-AFRL/DE, SBL)
 - Test Policy, Plans and Programs for SMC
 - Space and Missile Single Face to Customer (SFTC) IAW AFI 99-101
 - TEMP Reviews
 - Coordinate Space Test Infrastructure Requirements and Reliance Efforts for the Air Force



DET 12/VOT MISSION



Kirtland AFB

- Active Test Planning/Execution
- SFTC for Space



LA AFB

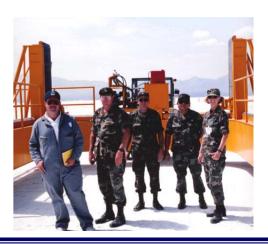
- TE Plans/Policy
 - TERIPT, CTEIP
- TEMP reviews
- Det 12 Liaison





- VOT Brings Test Expertise to the fight!
 - DCX (1993-96):
 - SDIO/Phillips Lab run program w/ McDonnell Douglas
 - Objectives:
 - Austere Landing
 - Small Ops Crew
 - Vertical Landing
 - Quick Turn
 - 12 Successful Flights (8 AF, 4 NASA)
 - Evolving VOT Role:
 - Initially at request of SMC/CC, then indispensable team member
 - Observers
 - ☐⇒ Ground Crew
 ☐⇒ Test Director
 ☐⇒ Deputy for Flt Test









- VOT Brings Test Expertise to the fight!
 - X-40A (1997-1998):
 - AFRL-run program w/ Boeing Seal Beach
 - · Objectives:
 - Demonstrate autonomous Approach & Landing of Low L/D shaped vehicle
 - 1 Successful Flight @ Holloman AFB
 - VOT Role:
 - At request of AFRL, Test Director/Flight
 Test Lead







- VOT Brings Test Expertise to the fight!
 - X-37 (1999-present):
 - NASA Marshall/Boeing Seal Beach Program
 - Objectives:
 - Fly autonomous, orbital X-vehicle demonstrate technologies to lower cost to and while operating in LEO
 - Multiple Phases
 - √ X-40A Phase II Subscale atmospheric flight test (7 successful flts)
 - X-37 AIT Full Scale Atmospheric Flight Test
 - X-37 Orbital Missions Shuttle or ELV, 3-day msn, autonomous reentry, approach, landing
 - VOT Role: Test Ops Support/Integrated Flight Ops Crew











- VOT Brings Test Expertise to the fight!
 - Future Programs
 - SMC/AD, AFRL/DE, SBL
 - Evolving VOT Role:
 - Advisors → ????

Det 12 Test Execution Vision: Focus on definable tasks and requested/funded program test support, grow expertise and resources, demonstrate value-added, and become sought-after center of excellence for space test



RDSMO RE-CAP



- Like a lab...
 - If we need something that doesn't exist, we invent it
- Like a SPO...
 - We develop and acquire things
- Like a test center...
 - We conduct test and evaluation on space and ground systems
- Like an operational unit...
 - We operate satellites and ground systems
- Like a maintenance organization...
 - If something breaks, we fix it
- Like a SPO...
 - When a satellite or ground system's useful life is over, we dispose of it



OVERVIEW



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Detachment 12 Space and Missile Systems Center





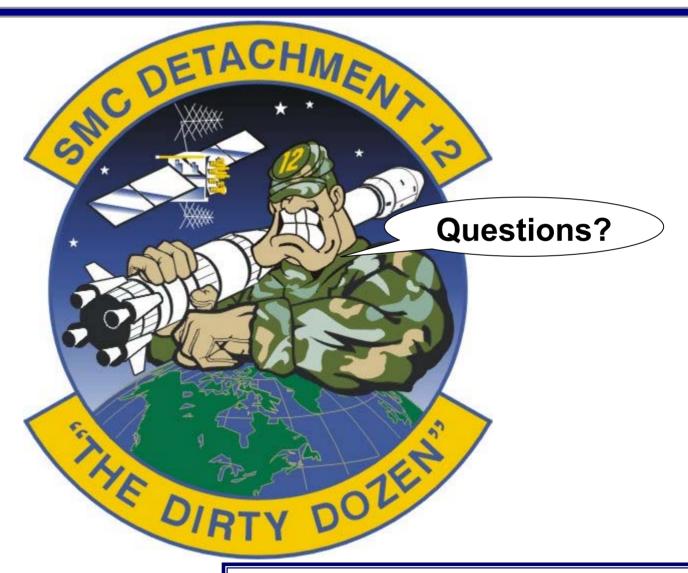
Wrap-up

Col James A. "Mouse" Neumeister
29 June 2001



Detachment 12 Space and Missile Systems Center





Forging the Shape of Military Space for the 21st Century